

NOTICE.

THE undersigned have this day effected a partnership for the manufacture of BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS AND LIGHT PLEASURE VEHICLES of all kinds, in this city, and, in order to meet the growing demand of an already established trade, we will keep constantly on hand a line of our own work, unexcelled by any either in price or quality. We will also aim to carry a cheaper grade of goods for those desiring same. We propose to run our business on a broad gauge. Content with small margins, we intend to batter down the wall of high prices with our engine of quick sales, and we challenge comparison with any. Mr. JOHN PORTER will continue with our firm and will give his personal attention to our UNDERTAKING business. Salesroom: No. 16 Sutton Street.

MYALL & SHACKLEFORD,
West Side Sutton Street, Maysville, Ky.

Look Here!

B. & B.

Are now receiving their Fall Line of goods, all of which will be sold LOW for CASH. A new line of Tourist's and Traveler's RUGS just put on sale. The best

50 and 75c. CORSETS

in the city. The sacrifice on all SUMMER GOODS still continues.

Browning & Barkley

Second St., bet. Miner's & Owens & Barkley's.

THE

GREAT Slaughter SALE

—OF—

BOOTS SHOES

BEGINS AT RANSON'S TO-DAY. OUR ENTIRE SUMMER STOCK MUST BE SOLD PRIOR TO RECEIVING FALL GOODS, AND TO ACCOMPLISH THIS, WE WILL OFFER UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS FOR THIRTY DAYS. CALL EARLY AND SECURE BEST BARGAINS.

F. B. RANSON.

AT THE

PAINT

—Is a fine stock of—

WALL PAPER,

CEILING DECORATIONS, and everything in the Paint Line. A fine coating for walls and ceilings; it will not rub off, and is cheaper and better than Kalsomine or Whitelead. Anyone can put it on.

ALBERT GREENWOOD,
No. 2 Zweigert's Block.

JACOB LINS.

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

ICE CREAM AND SODA WATER a specialty. Fresh Bread and Cakes. Parties and Weddings furnished on short notice. No. 3 Second street, Maysville.

Established 1865.

ICQUITY GROCERY.

G. W. GEISEL.
No. 2, Second St., Opp. Opera House. Fresh and Vegetables season. Your patronage respectfully solicited. No. 3 Second street, Maysville.

SMITH'S KIDNEY TONIC—TRY IT.

TURNING THE TABLES. SUMMONING A PROCUREUR AND THE PALL MALL GAZETTE.

Sir Henry Wolff's Proposal to the Sultan is the Doping of Tewfik and the Rehabilitation of Ismail—No Such, River, Ireland—Foreign News.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The tables were turned on the Salvatorians and the Pall Mall Gazette by the application of Barrister Poland under orders from the House of Lords, for a summons of criminal arrest against all persons concerned in the abduction of the girl Armstrong for purposes of inventing a case of juvenile prostitution to deceive the public and the committee composed of protest. The matter came up at Bow street before Sir James Vaughan as a government prosecution. The principal charge is that Rebecca Jarrett conspired with Mr. Stead, editor of the Pall Mall Gazette, to commit an indecent assault upon the girl Armstrong. Mr. George Lewin appeared for Mr. Stead, thus showing how important the Pall Mall Gazette considers the matter. Mr. Poland, in the course of a long speech, recited the facts of the case, showing a diabolical attempt to manufacture evidence, and asked also for a summons against Mr. Ernest Barker, the Salvation Army's agent, as an accessory. Mr. Stead being in Switzerland was ordered to surrender next Monday, and bail was refused for Mrs. Jarrett.

The case is that of the girl Eliza Armstrong, who figured in the Pall Mall Gazette revelations as "Lily," one of the girl victims of London vice. The identity of the story of "Lily" given in the Pall Mall with that of Eliza Armstrong has been admitted by Gen. Booth, of the Salvation Army. The "Lily" affair was given as a bona fide story of an innocent child who was taken to a house of ill fame, drugged and outraged. Mr. Stead, the editor of the Pall Mall Gazette, at St. James hall, made a different statement from the one given in his paper. He said that he and he alone was responsible for taking the child Eliza Armstrong from her mother, and that the mother had sold her daughter for immoral purposes; that he had conveyed the girl to a house of bad character, but that she had only remained there half an hour, and had left it free from all harm. The first statement conflicts with that made by Mrs. Josephine Butler, for Mrs. Butler has stated that she was responsible for the proceedings of her friend Mrs. Jarrett whom Mrs. Stead has described as "an old creature, and a woman who was in the hand at prostitution," who is known to have taken the child from her home. The second point is denied by Mrs. Armstrong, the mother, who has sworn positively all through that she did not sell the child, and that she really believed she was to be taken to a respectable situation.

Deposing Tewfik. CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 5.—The sultan has ordered the draft of a decree to be drawn up for his deposition deposing Tewfik, the actual khedive of Egypt, and replacing him by Ismail, Tewfik's father, and the ex-khedive, who was so stupidly deposed at the hands of the English and French holders of Egyptian bonds and money lenders in 1879. Germany and Austria are both favorable to the restoration of Ismail, although the sultan personally favors Ismail, the only surviving son of Mehmet Ali. Sir Henry Drummond Wolff is getting on famously with the sultan. He has been on the sultan at Yildiz Kiosk. Sir Henry Wolff sits next to the sultan at the dinner table, and Mr. Pacha, the chief interpreter, sits opposite, but engaged in translating to his majesty all Sir Henry Wolff's diplomatic small talk and bon mots. The sultan is in very good spirits and seems highly amused at Sir Henry Wolff, and asks him statement from some of the European statesmen and customs. France shows signs of jealousy at the intimacy of the sultan and Sir Henry Wolff, and has given the porte official notification that she will not recognize any arrangement made by Sir Henry Wolff to France is not a party. Although the sultan is a man of great character, Ismail to be drawn up, it is by no means certain that he will sign it.

Sir Henry Drummond Wolff expressed satisfaction with the result of his conference with the sultan. During the interview no allusion was made to the subject of an alliance with England. Sir Henry assured the sultan that England wished to settle the Egyptian difficulties in concert with the Porte. The sultan disapproved of the occupation of the Sudan by Turkish troops, and also regards with disfavor the project of an Anglo-Turkish occupation of the whole of Egypt. He wishes to send a Turkish commissioner to Cairo to act as counselor to the Khedive, and desires England to fix a definite term for her occupation of the country.

No such river. MADRID, Sept. 5.—Lieut. Wissmann, the young and well known German explorer recently sent by the king of the Belgians to determine and make a geographical and geological report on the river Kasai, has arrived safely at the junction of the Congo and river Kwa. Lieut. Wissmann has made a most complete reconnaissance of the region of the Kwa, a hitherto utterly unknown region, as large as the states of New York and Pennsylvania, and fertile, healthy, abounding in fish and game, and quite suitable for the habitation of man. Lieut. Wissmann says that no such river as the Kasai exists, and it should consequently be stricken out from the lately published map, where it figures with great prominence. Lieut. Wissmann, who is in perfect health, is the most promising of the younger generation of African explorers, active, energetic and guided purely by a scientific love of truth.

Irish Great. DUBLIN, Sept. 5.—A magistrate was received at Dublin castle from a divisional magistrate stating that there was a series of outrages in the lowlands of Tulla, county Clare. The house of a man named Grogan and eight others were surrounded at midnight by armed men, who fired into them and posted notices threatening the inmates with the death of a dog if they paid their rents. Similar notices were posted on the doors of the houses of many other tenants in the same town.

Much comment has been made among Nationalists and Loyalists about a noticeable feature in the language of the hall of the Mansion hall—viz., the removal of the crown and letters V. R. which have always been herebefore on the top of the canopy erected over the dais. Their place was occupied by a large and unmarked, with the words "Lead mine failure."

Guarding the Car. LONDON, Sept. 5.—The precautionary measures taken for the car's safety at Kromley, the notorious company to those deemed necessary for his majesty's security at home. This in anticipation of the emperor's visit to Kuf, the police authorities of Kromley made 150 domiciliary searches at the lodgings of students and other young people, and wherever books or papers in the slightest degree suspicious were found the owner was marched off to prison. This took place on the night of the 25th, and it was only four days later that the majority were released. The rest were detained in consequence of the alleged discovery of a plot against the emperor's visit to Kuf. The conspiracy of the kind reported from Russia within the last few months.

Mr. Phelps Commended. LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Times devotes a leader in an eulogistic vein to Minister Phelps, who has just created a working man's Rugby. It remarks of Mr. Phelps that his arguments are fewer and a little less highly finished than his predecessors, and commends the dexterity with which he spoke of the enlarged franchise without offending either the Loyalists or the Nationalists. Mr. Phelps said that the property of America was due to the persistent energy of her people. There was employment in America for all who desired it, property for all desiring it and for all a welcome. He advised those who thought of emigrating to reflect well before they did so, for there was no room in America for idle or worthless persons.

The Bank of Ireland. TIPPERARY, Sept. 5.—For three days past a heavy run has been continued upon the Bank of Ireland, and it kept accounts to almost a panic. The Irish Tory papers are now filled with bitter and hostile articles concerning the affair, and they intimate that the entire run was engineered in revenge for the Home Rule reduction of the advances to the Munster bank during its recent troubles.

The Spanish Treat. MADRID, Sept. 5.—Mr. Foster is confident that the Cuban proposition to be completed in time to be submitted for ratification at the opening of the United States congress.

Round About Europe. LONDON, Sept. 5.—The exchange here will be closed so as to permit further repairs to be made to the building.

Mr. Gladstone, in answer to inquiry made by the Provost of Alcock, has stated that he is "extremely well," although "still a little hoarse."

Queen Victoria has granted pensions of £100 each to the four sisters of John Leech, the artist.

The Prince of Wales arrived at Stockholm, where he was met with enthusiastic reception. The prince was received at the railway station by King Oscar, who affectionately embraced him. The city was put in a festive mood, and flags in honor of the royal visitor.

Mr. Flourey, an official in the treasury department in London, has been accused of embezzling the public funds, has committed suicide. He was laid to rest by his heavy family.

A fire in Barrow-in-Furness destroyed the works of the Barrow shipbuilding company, causing a loss of \$1,000,000 and throwing 3,000 men out of work.

Mr. Parnell, in his speech at Dublin, ridiculed the theory set up by Englishmen that the Irish Land League were driven to party differences in order to outdo the Irish in Ireland in their struggle for Irish independence.

The remains of Baron and Baroness Matres at Paris have been exhumed for examination. The couple died within a short period of each other, after having for a long time been under the influence of a spiritualist and his wife, who were benefited by the death of their noble partner. It was suspected that both the baron and baroness died from poison.

The Nova Vermya states that in the event of an alliance between England and Turkey Russia will withdraw from the transmiss (supposed to be) the Russian navy.

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 5.—This city has been the scene of a series of robberies, growing out of the murder and robbery of Edward Mains, of the house of Cowan, McClung & Company. Lee Sellers, a rough and lusty looking man, was arrested, and was charged with the crime, prove to be the guilty party, as the woman has made a full confession. Sellers confessed and implicated his companion, El Wright, claiming that the latter fired the shot which killed Mains. Wright was arrested and is now in custody, awaiting trial.

Cincinnati, Sept. 5.—A new morning paper has appeared, called The Star. It is a very bright appearing baby, well dressed and is brim full of news and gossip, and it is believed that the new venture will be a success, as it has good brain and financial backing.

WM. MCKENDRY GWIN. A PICTURED CHARACTER IN AMERICAN HISTORY.

From Andrew Jackson's Time to the Present—His Life in Public Affairs—The Widow's Immortality—Washington—National News Notes.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Former Senator William M. Gwin, of California, died in the New York hotel. He had been at West Point, where he was taken sick with dysentery, and he came down to New York, hoping better care and the change would bring about his recovery. He was with a party of friends. His family were not with him. They were telegraphed for when his illness became serious. His son will arrive in New York on Monday.

Wm. McKendry Gwin was a picturesque character in American history. For more than half a century he has been more or less intimately connected with political affairs. The advent of Andrew Jackson to the presidency in 1829, found him in Washington as a protégé of Andrew Jackson Donelson, the president's private secretary, through whom he was brought into contact with Jackson himself. It has been said by his friends that he was at one time Jackson's private secretary, but this is not the case, though he was employed in the executive office and was very well liked by the president.

In 1838, during Jackson's second term, Gwin was nominated for United States marshal for Mississippi. The Mississippians opposed this nomination, because Gwin was not a native of that state. The senate rejected the nomination. This excited Old Hickory, and he renewed the nomination, with an intimation that Gwin or nobody should be marshal of Mississippi. That settled it, and Gwin was confirmed. He was subsequently elected to congress from Kentucky.

On the acquisition of California he started for that land of promise. He was chosen United States marshal for that state from that state in 1850, being re-elected in 1856. In 1859 the state was Republican and Gwin lost his seat. Gwin could not conceal his sympathy for the south, and was soon in trouble with the government. His son, a cadet at West Point, went south to serve in the Confederate army. Gwin, Benham and others took passage on a Pacific mail steamer for Panama, intending to go to California. They were met by a gunboat, with several companies of regular troops, took passage on the same steamer and during the voyage arrested Gwin, Benham and others and brought them to this port, where they were placed in Fort Lafayette. Gwin was released in 1862, and went to New York, where he joined the fortunes of Maximilian by whom he was created Duke of Sonora. Gwin took an active part in support of Horace Greeley in 1872. Died 1878, Hancock, Mass., and Cleveland, 1884. Of late years he has spent his winters in Washington, where he has been looked upon as the representative of Stoughton and the Central Pacific Railroad company.

The Widow's Immortality. NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The line of visitors to Gen. Grant's tomb was interrupted by the death of a woman, who lay on a board of black horses. The carriage stopped in front of the entrance and a young man followed by an elderly lady alighted. They were not recognized as Capt. Fessenden, of Camp Grant, near the entrance, and he recognized U. S. Grant, Jr. The elderly lady stepped into the carriage with Grant and her son was in deep mourning. Mrs. Grant's long veil covered her face. Capt. Fessenden rode to the rear of the carriage to request the visitors to wait. It was whispered through the crowd that Mrs. Grant had come to visit Gen. Grant's tomb and that she was to be buried in a large semi-circle was formed. All the men took off their hats.

Capt. Fessenden and Mrs. Grant had a half minute's conversation, and Capt. Fessenden immediately unlocked the doors of the tomb and then went on. Mrs. Grant, looking on her son, walked slowly through the doorway and descended two steps to the floor of the tomb. Pausing instant at the foot of the steps, Mrs. Grant drew from under her long outer wrapping a large wreath of white immortelles, which she placed on the laurel wreath at the base. Then Mrs. Grant laid on the middle of the casket in a space cleared of other offerings by her son. For a minute Mrs. Grant stood motionless before the casket. Then taking Mr. Grant's arm, she went back slowly to her carriage. The wreath is in plain sight from the outside of the tomb.

Skeleton Found. WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—A sportsman while hunting found the skeleton of a man in the woods a few miles north of Georgetown. The skeleton was found near the trunk, the rest of the bones being intact, but were entirely denuded of flesh. Scattered about the skeleton was a good state of preservation were the man's clothing, and in the pocket of the coat a package of letters was found addressed to Frank Fort, Baltimore. Some of the letters told of the man's troubles, and it is believed the man strayed off in the woods and committed suicide.

Mr. Manning's Views. NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Secretary Manning had a conference with Assistant Treasurer Action. During his visit the secretary received calls from President Fry of the Bank of New York; President Dool, of the Bank of North America, and Eugene Kelly. It is understood that the secretary was dissatisfied and that the administration desired the support of the senate and that reference to the subject will be made in the report to the next congress. The secretary did not visit the custom house.

Homeward Bound. ALBANY, Sept. 5.—A steamer Cleveland is expected to arrive here soon. A dispatch received from him by one of his friends here states that he expects to remain in this city over Sunday, the guest of Dr. Ward.

That Miner-Chinese War.

ROCK SPRING, WY. T. Sept. 5.—For the first time in many years there was not a Chinaman in Rock Springs street except those who were dead and buried. The five or six hundred who were at work in the mines have been driven out, and nothing but heaps of smoking ruins mark the spot where Chinatown stood. The feeling against the Chinese has been growing stronger all summer. The fact that the white men had been turned out of their homes and hundreds of white men were seeking in vain for work, while the Chinese were being shipped in by the carload and given work, strengthened the feeling against them. It needed but little to incite this feeling into an active crusade against the Chinese, and precipitated the little battle at No. 6 Mine, about one mile north of town. Through some misunderstanding two Chinamen took a rope in the mine belonging to two white men. When the white men came they ordered them out, and the Chinese refused to go. A fight ensued, which was participated in by nearly all the whites and Chinamen in the mines. The Chinamen were worsted in the fight and four of them were killed. The whites whom has since died. The white miners then came out, armed themselves with firearms and shot the Chinese to death. The other three mines to come out in the afternoon. Meantime all was excitement in Chinatown. A flag was hoisted as a signal, and the Chinese were in different parts of the camp fled to their quarters. After dinner the saloons closed, and no liquor was sold. The streets about one hundred of them armed with guns, revolvers and clubs, and proceeded toward Chinatown. Before reaching there they sent a committee of three warning the Chinamen to leave in an hour. When the hour came, the whites started to pack up, but in about half an hour the white men grew impatient at the delay, and the Chinese were quarrelsome, and shouting and firing their guns in the air. Without offering resistance the Chinese fled, and the whites followed them. They fled to the hills about a mile east of the town, the miners firing at them as they fled. All the stores in town were closed, and no liquor was sold. The whites were waiting for the Chinese to come out watching the hurried exit of John Chinaman, and everyone seemed glad to see them go. Soon a black smoke was seen issuing from the peak of a house in Hong Kong, then from another, and very soon eight or ten of the largest of the houses were in flames. Thick clouds of fire and smoke, numbers of Chinamen rushed from the burning buildings, and with blankets and beds were their hands to protect themselves from stray rifle bullets, they followed their retreating brothers into the hills at the foot of the town. A fire in town was next visited, and the ineffective inmates shot dead. All the employees of the coal department of the railroad were ordered to leave the town, which they did, and the mining train. During the night all of the Chinese houses in the town, numbering nearly fifty, were burned to the ground. A number of Chinamen who were hiding fled from the burning buildings. The light of morning revealed some terrible sights.

Four Killed.

LOST CREEK, Sept. 5.—The Lehigh Valley Coal company's No. 3 colliery was the scene of a terrific explosion, resulting in the death of one man and the fatal injury of three others. The explosion had found that gas had generated during the night, especially in the breast worked by Alexander McLeod. John McLeod, who had found thorny Gimes, whom he instructed not to enter the mine until the gas was cleared. The mine was entered and entered to brush down the gas. Mr. Gimes was always attended with great danger. They hung their naked lamps in the heading and started on their way, but in the darkness in which they had scarcely reached when the accumulating gas was forced down into the heading, and a terrific explosion was a terrific explosion. McLeod was found burned beyond recognition. Martin and Anthony Gimes lay close to him, having been killed by the explosion. The bodies were shockingly burned. When the news of the explosion reached the neighborhood, a number of men gathered about the pits and could not be carried away until the morning. The explosion had caused a colliery suspended work in consequence of the accident.

Getting Down to Business.

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 5.—The Ontario government have taken prompt action in reference to the terrible smallpox epidemic now prevailing at Montreal. An order in council has been passed, authorizing the provincial board of health to appoint inspectors with power to board all trains and steamboats westward from Montreal, and to compel all passengers to produce certificates of vaccination, or be vaccinated on the spot. The importation of rags and second-hand clothing from Montreal is strictly prohibited, and all are to call on the board of health to proceed with compulsory vaccination where cases of disease may be reported.

Feet.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Superintendent James T. Gorman, of the Traction company, was induced to leave his home by a message which he was needed at his office, in the vicinity. When he reached his home and found a road he saw two men, one of whom put a pistol to his head and told him to get down on his knees. In doing so Mr. Gorman grasped the man, took the pistol from him and handed him to a policeman. The assailant was James P. Fowler, who had been a gripman for the Traction company, but who had been discharged by Mr. Gorman.

A Daughter's Deed.

DELANO, Minn., Sept. 5.—Frederick Hermon, a well known citizen, was taken away to the latter's house and demanded of Mrs. Uhl, who was the only occupant, three dollars, which she refused, saying she had not the money. Herman then sprang upon her and choked, beat and kicked her till she became insensible. He then broke open a trunk and stole it of notes, jewelry and other documents aggregating upwards of \$1,000, after which he took to the woods. As posted by the sheriff, the Uhl's are well-to-do and live on a farm three miles southeast of St. Michaels.

at. Blatterman.

THE EVENING BULLETIN

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.
TO WHOM ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1886.

"Hail the dentist: 'No doubt
Without pain 'twill come out.'
Hail the man with a grin:
'That remark is tooth in.'"

Mr. Ed. W. Fitzgerald, councilman from the Third Ward, has resigned his position.

See notice elsewhere of sucking mules for sale, next County Court day, by Mr. W. E. Wells.

The Courier says the tobacco crop of Lewis County promises to be the best ever raised there.

A present given to every child that buys school books of J. C. Peor & Co.'s drug and book store.

Mr. W. H. Thomas a sterling Democrat of Bartonville, has been appointed 1 Postmaster of that place.

Never wait for a thing to turn up. Go and turn it up yourself. It takes less time, and is surer to be done.

John P. Denton, of Fleming County, has a crop of tobacco that he claims will yield 2,500 pounds to the acre.

A good, reliable boy can get a situation and learn telegraphy by applying at the telegraph office immediately.

Now is the time to secure the supply of coal for the winter. There is a large stock on hand and the price is low.

The residence of Fielding Lewis, Sr., in Lewis County, was destroyed by fire a few days ago. The loss was \$500 with no insurance.

The second annual Farmers' Fair of Adams County, Ohio, will be held at Manchester, on the 23rd and 24th inst. It promises to be an interesting meeting.

The Juliana Bland farm, near Tollesboro, in Lewis County, was sold last Saturday at public sale, bringing \$3,048. Dr. James Shackelford, of this city, was the purchaser.

The farm fences of the United States cost more than the farm buildings. The length of the fences is rated at 6,000,000 miles, and \$2,000,000 is given as their cost.—[Chicago Tribune.]

It is said that scarcity of water is one chief cause of tough beef. Animals fatted in summer on succulent food are more tender than those of the same age and character fatted in winter.

The following marriage licenses have been recorded in Brown County, Ohio, since our last report:

Joseph A. Miller and Mary D. Reeve. James A. Parker and Emma Louison.

The Lexington Chamber of Commerce is discussing the removal of the Capital, the removal of the Collector's headquarters, the location of the Federal building and the establishment of an iron manufactory.

This dance and fair at the skating rink last night was again a success, the receipts being larger than on the previous evening. It will be repeated to-night, when it is hoped the attendance will once more be large.

To Advertisers.
During the fair and enlarged edition of the Daily Bulletin will be issued which advertisers will find a valuable medium through which to reach the eyes of the people. An edition of 1500 copies will be printed each day.

Louis Rosen's billiard room on Market street, is now probably the handsomest place of resort in the city. The room has been re-papered and painted, the tables re-covered and many other improvements made that will be appreciated by visitors. Call and see for yourself.

Says the Vanceburg Courier: "Tom Davis, printer, is a candidate for Mayor of Mayville, Ky. Thus one by one they fall. Only the other day a printer named Ross, was surprised at his case by the reception of his commission as Governor of New Mexico. But an instance of demerit here and there should not be counted against the guild."

Counterfeiting a Valuable Article.
The publisher of the Madison County Record writes from Huntsville, Ark., as to the effect of Brown's Iron Bitters on his wife. Mr. Daugherty says, "My wife has been using the Bitters for some months; the effect in her case is remarkable." He also writes that owing to counterfeits and imitations, it was difficult to get the genuine article. That difficulty has now been remedied; imitators have been exposed and put to flight. There, as elsewhere, Brown's Iron Bitters can be had of all the respectable druggists at a dollar a bottle.

THE CHURCHES.

Services will be held as usual at St. Patrick's Church to-morrow.

Elder E. L. Powell having returned, will preach at the Christian Church to-morrow morning and evening.

Rev. C. B. Huggins will conduct services at the Church of the Nativity to-morrow morning and evening.

Services at the M. E. Church to-morrow—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., class at 2 p. m., young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Rev. J. W. Cunningham, of St. Louis, will preach in the Southern Methodist Church to-morrow at 11 a. m. Dr. Henderson will preach at the evening service, which close his work in Mayville. The public are invited.

There will be no services at the Central Presbyterian Church, to-morrow as the congregation will attend the M. E. Church, South, to hear the farewell sermon of Rev. J. A. Henderson.

Members of the church are invited to be present.

Rev. T. F. Garrett, will preach in the Sardis M. E. Church, to-morrow at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Probationers will be received into full membership at the morning hour. Those not otherwise notified will note the above and please be present.

The congregation of the Southern Presbyterian Church will hereafter hold regular services at their new Central Church, Third street. A cordial invitation is extended to all. There will be preaching every Sunday morning and evening. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. Services held at the usual hours. Sunday school, Sunday morning at nine o'clock. Pastor, Dr. J. T. Hendrick.

The Sunday school at Mitchell's Chapel, in Chester, will be re-opened to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock. Immediately after Rev. J. W. Cunningham, of St. Louis will deliver a short sermon to the children and at the close of the service Dr. Henderson will administer the rite of baptism to Miss Lucy Hampton, who united with the church last Sunday night. At 7:30 p. m., the pastor will preach his closing sermon for the presence conference year.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. John Campbell is visiting friends at California, Ohio.

Judge Garrett S. Wall and wife returned last night from Niagara Falls.

Mr. Clarence Matthews has returned to Center College to resume his studies.

Miss Susie Cunningham, of Owenion, Ky., is visiting Miss Florence Frank.

Miss Evelyn Smith, of Springfield, Mo., is visiting Miss Ranson, of the West End.

Mrs. P. M. Austin, of Kansas City, is visiting friends and relatives in this county.

Mrs. Charles H. Frank has returned from a pleasant visit to friends in Southern Kentucky.

Mrs. R. D. Howe and son, of Poplar Plains, are the guests of the family of Mr. A. T. Cox.

Miss Nora Harris, of Germantown, who has been visiting Mrs. Charles H. Cooper, has returned home.

Miss Ida Bloom, who has been visiting Miss Annie Miller, of Locust Grove, returned home Thursday.

Misses Lily Biggar and Mary Rhea, who have been visiting Miss Anna M. Atkinson, returned home on Friday.

Miss Lillie Green, of Ripley, and Miss Hannah Henderson, of Augusta, are the guests of Mrs. W. L. Davidson, of this city.

Miss Mary O'Donnell entertained quite a number of her friends very pleasantly at the residence of her father, Mr. John O'Donnell, Market street, Friday evening.

Rev. Father Gorey, will leave for Covington, on Monday, where he goes by order of Right Rev. Bishop Maes. Father Gorey, has many friends in Mayville, who part with him with sincere regret.

Misses Mattie D. Tarlton, Nannie S. Brooking and Linney D. Fleming are soliciting benevolent offerings from the Murphysville Methodists for the various benevolent enterprises of the M. E. Church.

Stopped His Paper.
[New York Newsleader.]

Once upon a time a certain man got mad with the editor and stopped his paper. The next week he sold his corn at four cents below the market price. Then his property was sold for taxes, because he didn't read the Sheriff's sale. He was arrested and fined \$5 for going hunting on Sunday, and he paid \$20 for a lot of forged notes that had been advertised two weeks and the public had been cautioned not to negotiate for them. He then paid a big Irishman, with a foot like a forge hammer to kick him all the way to the newspaper office, where he paid four years' subscription in advance and had the editor sign an agreement to knock him down and rob him if he ever ordered his paper stopped again. Such is life without a newspaper.

THE FUNNY MAN'S BABY.

The funny man went to the doctor to write he had watched a day, and would write all night.

And when his work, so he trimmed the light. In the room adjoining his baby lay. And there said she was slowly passing away.

So he wrote, with his heart in the other room, And thought of the babe going out in the gloom.

To the staid lady and beyond the tomb. It was hard to write with death on his high. But he ground out jokes as the hours went by.

And the next day, with a quill pen in his hand, He pened five lines and the hours went on. Till his light of soul was almost gone.

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OUR NEIGHBORS.

Miss Maggie Ham, of Robertson, is visiting friends here.

Mr. Harden Bradley, who has been sick for some time, is now convalescing.

Mr. Stuart Wallingford will start off to school next morning for a term of two years.

The protracted meeting at Stone Lick is still in progress. Only one addition thus far.

Mr. Thomas Jefferson is erecting a new house. He will complete it in time to move into it by winter.

Mr. Holliday has been crop of tobacco and corn. He is the best crop of corn in this part of the county.

Our friend, Mr. Alf. Redmon, has returned from a visit to Fleming County. We hope his trip was a success. Mr. Redmon is a widower.

Chicken thieves have been around again. Mr. Jones says next year she will put up a plea for requesting that a few be left for raising purposes.

Our protracted meeting came to a stop from a rather singular cause. The preacher was asked to preach a sermon on baptism, and hoping to please all parties he took the text that although baptism is not the command the mode was not prescribed and the consequence was he offended all.

A New Compliment.
[Altoona Tribune.]

Husband—My wife has a severe pain in the back of her neck and complains of a sort of a sourness in the stomach.

Physician—She has malarial colic. Husband—What is that, doctor?

The girl at the "central" (telephone) switches off to a machinist talking to a sewer.

Machinist to Husband—I think she is covered with scales inside about an inch thick. Let her cool down during the night, and before she rises up in the morning take a hammer and pound her thoroughly all over, and then take a hose and high it to a fire-plug and wash her out.

Husband has no more need of this doctor.

Giving the Editor Points.
[St. Paul Pioneer Press.]

You don't—as a rule—try to give your lawyer points on statutes, your parson on theology, or your doctor on hygiene; but you do—as a rule—ask him to tell you that you can be excessively disagreeable, not to say insulting, in your treatment of newspaper men? They have as fair a share of brains as you, are no longer social pariahs and from life and profession see the seamy side of life, and if they're lying, too, as you can not ever hope to.

CITY ITEMS.

Try Langdon's City Batter Orakers. Seaside Library received daily at Harry Taylor's.

1,000 school slates, cheap, at J. W. Sparks & Bro's. 2742 W.

School books, slates and school stationery at Harry Taylor's.

You can find everything in the school line at G. W. Blatterman & Co's.

A useful present to children buying their school books of J. T. Kackley.

A nice line of carpets and rugs for the fall trade at Paul Hoeflich & Bro's.

Ask your grocer for Crescent Baking Powder. Only 20 cents per pound.

School books, all kinds for public and private schools at G. W. Blatterman & Co's.

All first-class grocers of Mayville sell Crescent Baking Powder. 20 cents per pound.

Crescent Baking Powder is guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. Only 20 cents per pound.

Stationery in every style, including all the novelties, at G. W. Blatterman's book store.

Headquarters for school books, school slates, booklets, slates, etc., at J. T. Kackley's book store. 3313 W. 3.

A full line of the latest novelties in braids and embroideries just received at Paul Hoeflich & Bro's.

As large and complete line of wall papers and ceiling decorations can be found, at J. C. Peor & Co's. 411 W.

You can buy Leigh slates same price as the Delaware and they are much better. Every slate branded at G. W. Blatterman & Co's.

Great bargains in photograph albums and picture frames. Look in our show window at prices. J. T. Kackley, Bookseller, Stationer and Photographer.

Finest line of paperies and writing pads in the city, at Harry Taylor's.

Runyon & Hocker are in daily receipt of new seasonable dry goods, Kentucky jeans, flannels, blankets, jerseys in large variety, new prints, domestics, all at the lowest prices in the city.

Neblitt & McKrell have just received and will offer for the next ten days a full line of new fall dress goods at very low prices. Suits, berbers, dark shades, 50 cents; all wool tricoes, dark shades, 50 cents; silk velvets, all shades, \$1.25; new flannels, \$1.25. New blankets, new flannels, new jeans, new Canton flannels, cheaper than ever before known. Our stock, which is complete in every department, is offered at the very lowest cash prices. Everybody is invited to call and get a bargain. 3211 W.

I have just received a full line of school books and stationery of all kinds, also a complete assortment of dry goods, notions, millinery etc. Your patronage is solicited. 3212 W. ANNA M. FASER.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

WHEAT—No. 1 W. A. NORTON, Oct. 3 77 1/2, No. 2 76 1/2, No. 3 75 1/2, No. 4 74 1/2, No. 5 73 1/2, No. 6 72 1/2, No. 7 71 1/2, No. 8 70 1/2, No. 9 69 1/2, No. 10 68 1/2, No. 11 67 1/2, No. 12 66 1/2.

COFFEE—No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12.

RETAIL MARKET.

COFFEE—No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12.

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